

FREE TRIP TO HAWAII

The Portland Evening Journal is the Oregon newspaper which proposes to send eight young women on a trip to Honolulu as the result of a voting contest. The young women will be voted for by districts, the state being divided and each section having its own contest. Of course, it is a scheme to get subscriptions, but it is being worked most elaborately and will without doubt prove an excellent advertisement for Hawaii. Leaving aside the purely advertising features, interesting only to the Journal, these are the conditions of the contest:

First—Any young lady over 18 years of age may be nominated at any time on blanks provided by the Journal, with the endorsement of two well-known citizens of the district in which she resides.

Second—Three judges agreeable to the different candidates shall be elected to officially announce the winner in each district, one young lady to be chosen from each district.

Third—As in other elections, each district shall vote separately. The vote in one cannot affect the other. Matters properly concerning the district will be settled by the wishes of the majority. The winner shall have the right to name a proxy if unable to attend herself.

Fourth—Voting will commence Thursday, August 3, 1905, and close Saturday, December 30, at 8 o'clock p. m., 1905. Coupons must be voted within seven days after issue. Coupons cut from The Daily Journal must be neatly trimmed. All coupons, whether single or special, must bear the name of the candidate to be voted for.

The Journal prints this on its first page, in booming its scheme:

Eight young women of Oregon will take a trip to Hawaii next winter as guests of The Journal. The trip of the eight young women will be taken in January, when Honolulu, the capital, is in all its social glory. Special plans are being arranged for the welcome of The Journal's guests. The party will be decorated with leis, the great floral wreaths with which Hawaiians welcome distinguished and special guests to the island. They will visit every point of interest in the wonderful island. They will enjoy the delights of surf bathing at Waikiki and riding the surf in the queer Hawaiian boats, the particular enjoyment of Miss Alice Roosevelt on her recent trip to the island. They will also enjoy a ride to the Paia and see the great precipice where the ancient kings of Hawaii in their battles endeavored to throw over their opponents to death. They will visit the Island of Hilo, the various volcanoes and all the other points of interest.

The stay in Hawaii will be of several weeks' duration and no more pleasant outing can be pictured. Every expense of the trip will be borne by The Journal. The itinerary will include a visit to San Francisco, where an opportunity will be given to see the sights of that metropolis. Thence the party will proceed on the finest vessel leaving for Hawaii. All the expenses of the party while in the islands, including hotel bills, carriage and automobile rides to the various points of interest, visits to the big coffee and sugar plantations and trips to some of the large native villages in the interior, where the natives may be seen living in the simplicity of the lives that has marked them for centuries.

That is rather a picturesque bit of misinformation about the Paia and the old kings, but otherwise the story reads well, and doubtless The Journal's young women will be able to inform it somewhat more accurately concerning Hawaiian sights and history after they have been here a little time.

PROF. SMITH IS AGAIN MARRIED

The engagement of Prof. Albert W. Smith and Mrs. Ruby Green Bell was recently announced and was the source of great surprise among their friends.

Prof. Smith and his former wife, Mary Roberts Smith, are well known here, having visited the islands several years ago. Mrs. Smith also gave a course of lectures here some time ago.

Both Professor Smith and his future wife, Mrs. Bell, have been instructors at Stanford University. Prof. Smith spent twelve years there as director of the mechanical engineering department. He left last year to become dean of Sibley College at Cornell.

Mrs. Bell entered Stanford as a student in 1895, but discontinued her University work, returning again later and graduating in 1902. Since then she has been an assistant and instructor in the biology and entomology departments at Stanford.

Professor Smith recently came West to claim his bride, and the wedding was to take place on the Stanford campus today.

The club-swingers under the regime of Sheriff Brown have now to toe the mark. If the rules of the department, which the sheriff says must be rigidly enforced, are lived up to, the police will be models of decorum. For instance, the sheriff has posted the following in the receiving clerk's room:

"All persons are to refrain from making the sidewalk at the receiving station a loafing place."

No officer will be permitted to expectorate indiscriminately. He must seek the proper receptacle for that function. That will be living up to Senator Dickey's idea of street decorum. The rule which the officers are asked to strictly observe, has also been posted as follows:

"Any officer expectorating on any

floor, stairway, or in any receptacle other than the one intended for such purpose, at or around the police station, or on the sidewalk in front of the police station, may for such act be dismissed from the force."

And then comes the climax. The turnkeys must keep to their section of the station. They may show their faces in the receiving clerk's office only when the gong sounds for them. The new order is as follows:

"The turnkey on watch shall remain in the yard below and keep a general supervision over the prisoners both in the yard and those in the cells and will enter the receiving station only when called upon to receive a prisoner."

Turnkey Melanphy is an old-time sailor and he has dubbed the yard "tween decks" and the clerk's office the "promenade deck" and the sheriff's office the "bridge." He is practicing up a lot of new signals and salutes.

"The only thing wrong about it is that that gong sounds as if the clerk was signaling me to get up steam to go full speed ahead or half speed astern, and when I went to sea it was not in a steamboat."

Officers on duty are also compelled under the orders to give up the delights experienced in smoking "two-fers."

SALES OF BONDS.

In behalf of its customers, the Hawaiian Trust Company yesterday effected the sale of nearly a quarter of a million in bonds.

The total amount of bonds which changed hands was \$246,000, of which 100,000 were California and Hawaiian Sugar Refinery 6 per cent. bonds at \$101. These bonds were only put on the market a short time ago at \$100.25, and for a time the sale was slow even at that price.

Hawaiian Government 5 per cent. bonds were dealt in to the extent of \$76,000. A big block of McBrady bonds were sold at par. Haiku and Paia 6 per cent. bonds sold for \$104.

The office of the Attorney-general has been appealed to, and has come to the rescue of the county of Hawaii. It seems that two terms of court are being held on the big island now, one at Kohala and the other at Honakaa, and while District Attorney Charles Williams is busy with a number of important cases at the Kohala term, there is a murder case, and a big one, set for trial at Honakaa. Now, the county of Hawaii has no money with which to employ special counsel, and this condition of affairs was reported to Attorney-general Andrews. Accordingly, Deputy Attorney-general Prosser has gone to Honakaa to represent the Territory in the murder trial there.

A London writer has asked the Hawaiian Promotion Committee to forward a number of photographs of surf riders, Hawaiian canoes racing on the waves and other scenes of aquatic life in the Hawaiian Islands, which are to be incorporated in a story for the "Wide World" magazine. One of the proprietors of this and another magazine has also written to the Promotion Committee asking that about forty photographs of Hawaiian scenes be sent him. He is writing a general story about the islands.

Hon. Caleb W. West and Judge Parker, special representatives of the Treasury Department, who are inspecting the customs ports in the islands, were passengers in the Kinau yesterday for Hilo. They will also visit the Volcano.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

A woman buys a sewing machine for what it will do; not as an article of furniture. A man carries a watch to tell him the time; not as an investment of surplus capital. The same principle when one is ill. We want the medicine or the treatment which will relieve and cure. The friend in need must be a friend indeed, something, or somebody, with a reputation. There should be no guesswork in treating disease. People have the right to know what a medicine is, and what it will do, before they take it. It must have behind it an open record of benefit to others for the same diseases, a series of cures that proves its merit and inspires confidence. It is because it has such a record that WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION is bought and used without hesitation or doubt. Its Good Name is the solid basis for the faith the people have in it; and a good name has to be earned by good deeds. It does what you have a right to expect it to do. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. In Scrofula, Anemia, Nervous and General Debility, Indigestion and Wasting Complaints, it is to be thoroughly relied upon. Doctor J. L. Carrick says: "I have had remarkable success with it in the treatment of Consumption, Chronic Bronchitis, Catarrh and Scrofulous Affections. It is of special value in nervous prostration and depraved nutrition; it stimulates the appetite and the digestion, promotes assimilation, and enters directly into the circulation with the food. I consider it a marvelous success in medicine." Every dose effective. "You cannot be disappointed in it." Sold by chemists throughout the world.

NOW CONSUL FOR KOREA

As President of the United States, Theodore Roosevelt has officially recognized Miki Saito, Japanese Consul, as Honorary Consul for Korea at Honolulu. Mr. Saito, in his new capacity,



CONSUL MIKI SAITO.

paid an official visit to Acting Governor Atkinson yesterday at the Capitol Building.

The appointment of Mr. Saito is only one more indication of how closely the future of Korea is to be interwoven, politically, with that of Japan. The treaty of peace now being negotiated by the plenipotentiaries of Japan and Russia at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, already includes in the articles agreed upon one that gives Russia's assent to Japan's assumption of preponderant influence in the affairs of Korea. It is not at all likely that any other nation will dispute this. And so Mr. Saito is perhaps only one of many Japanese Consuls who will in future be recognized also consuls for Korea.

MORE TROOPS ARE ORDERED TO HAWAII

"The buildings contracted for at the army post at Kahuiki must be finished by the 29 of next August," said Captain Humphreys, U. S. Quartermaster, yesterday. There will be quarters for two companies only. However, the Secretary of War has ordered the other two companies of the Coast Artillery, now on the mainland, to Honolulu, and so we must build quarters pretty soon for the additional men. That will mean two more barracks buildings, two more lavatories and about three houses for officers."

Captain Humphreys is most enthusiastic over the sightliness of the location of the new post. "They have begun work there," he said—"but that is all—and only enough to hold the contract. I suppose the contractor is waiting for materials."

RANKS MOSQUITOES NEXT TO WHISKY

NEW YORK, August 6.—"Next to Whisky, mosquitoes are the greatest curse to mankind," said Sir Patrick Munson today at his apartments at the Holland House. Sir Patrick is physician and medical adviser to the British colonial office and eminent because he was the first physician to discover that the mosquito was the worst of the malarial parasites. He arrived with Lady Munson on the Lucania, and will leave tomorrow afternoon for San Francisco, where, before the Cooper Medical College, he will deliver a series of lectures on "Tropical Diseases."

Years of research in the tropics have convinced the physician that only by prevention of the bite of the mosquito and other blood-seeking insects can freedom from tropical diseases be assured. Arriving in this country when the yellow fever is ravaging New Orleans and one case has developed in the harbor of New York, the opinion of Sir Patrick as to the danger of the spread of the disease in the North is valuable.

"There should not be the slightest danger," he said, "from the case at Swinburne Island. It is to be presumed that your health physicians have enclosed patient by mosquito bars, for in no other way can the disease be

transmitted to another. If other cases should develop among the passengers or crews of the steamships, which are constantly arriving from infected ports, the danger would not be increased, for the treatment would remain the same and the spread of the disease stopped. We are yet in our infancy in the matter of the discoveries of the transmission of such diseases by insects, but in the matter of yellow fever infection all credit should be given to the Yankees, who went ahead of our eminent men and demonstrated that the stegomyia was the vehicle that caused all the trouble.

"Therefore, I repeat, keep out the mosquitoes—the stegomyia, the yellow fever carrier, the anopheles, the malarial breeder—and do not despise the health destroying powers of the culex, the common fellow who is so plentiful and persistent in the majority of places where he can transmit diseases readily, and there is no doubt that this common mosquito is the first cause of many serious and sometimes fatal illnesses."

THOS. M'GIFFIN'S FATHER IS DEAD

News was received yesterday of the death at Washington, Pa., on July 30, of Col. Norton McGiffin, father of Thomas McGiffin of Honolulu. The deceased was 81 years of age. The Army and Navy Journal says: Colonel McGiffin was born in Washington and came of a distinguished family. He graduated from Washington College in 1841, and went to Uniontown and read law with the late Judge Ewing. When the Mexican War broke out he enlisted with the 1st Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served throughout the war, participating in the principal engagements. Colonel McGiffin was injured in the battle of Pueblo. At the close of the war McGiffin received his commission as colonel from the Governor of Pennsylvania. He entered politics and served as county treasurer and sheriff. In 1861 he served in the 12th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was elected lieutenant colonel. At the close of his three months' term of service he was transferred to the 5th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, retaining his rank of lieutenant colonel. During the Peninsula campaign he contracted fever and was compelled to resign his commission. He engaged in farming in Washington County for ten years, and was elected on the Republican ticket for State Legislature. In 1890 he received the appointment of United States Consul at Port Rowan, in Ontario, Canada, and in 1892 was appointed Consul at Port Hope, Canada, where he remained for two years. In 1893 he married Miss Sarah Houston Quail, and to them were born six children—Mrs. G. W. Henshaw, of Washington; Thomas McGiffin, of Honolulu; James Q. McGiffin, who died several years ago; Philip Norton McGiffin, who died in 1896, as a result of wounds received in commanding a Chinese war vessel in the conflict with Japan; and Rev. Nathaniel McGiffin, pastor of a Presbyterian church in Nebraska. Mrs. McGiffin died in January, 1903, on the day following the fiftieth anniversary of her marriage.

Captain Norton McGiffin, who commanded the Chinese warship, was one of the heroes of that disastrous war on the Chinese side. The vessel which McGiffin commanded was battered by the Japanese warships. It was one of the first opportunities nations had to judge of the worth of armored vessels. Those aboard the Chinese ship ascertained, however, that to be on a vessel getting the worst of it, was no joke. The concussion from bursting shells tore McGiffin's clothes to shreds, and his hearing was completely shattered. He was then a fine-looking, well-built man. But the result of the conflict and his wounds reduced him, a few years later, almost to a skeleton, and his mind gave way. He died by his own hand in New York City.

PROMINENT WEST INDIA MERCHANT CURES HIS DAUGHTER OF A THREATENED ATTACK OF PNEUMONIA.

"Some time ago my daughter caught a severe cold. She complained of pains in her chest and had a bad cough. I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy according to directions and in two days she was well and able to go to school. I have used this remedy in my family for the past seven years and have never known it to fail," says James Prendergast, merchant, Annato Bay, Jamaica, West India Islands. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

Very respectfully,
C. M. WHITE,
Acting Superintendent of Garbage and Excavator Service.

An anonymous communication was read before the board calling attention to the "frightful" condition of Queen street. The letter was badly spelled and written, and signed "Kewalo Resident." The board decided to take no notice of anonymous communications.

County Attorney Douthitt appeared before the board in regard to the blanket warrant which will be submitted to the Supreme Court, that the letter may settle the question as to whether the supervisors have the right to order the head of a department to pay off the men under him, or whether

they should be paid by separate warrants.

The warrant in question is a salary and supply demand amounting to \$14.25 for the Police and Fire Alarm System. Moore pointed out that the board had already appropriated money for this bill under the electric light appropriation, but the supervisors rescinded their former action and made out a new demand, ordering Frazer to pay the warrant for \$14.25 to the two men named in the warrant.

This warrant with the facts of the case as prepared by Douthitt will be submitted to the Supreme Court.

A number of communications were read and put on file, and the board thereupon adjourned to next Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.

"I am going to see that these foreign corporations pay the Territory what is coming to it, or they will have to show me," said Territorial Treasurer Campbell yesterday.

The particular corporation, if it is a corporation, that Mr. Campbell had in mind when he said that was the Merchants' Protective Association, a concern that collects bad debts, and for which Supervisor Moore has been acting as agent. Mr. Moore, however, according to information given to Mr. Campbell, is going to cut loose from the collecting concern and go into business on his own account.

The Merchants' Protective Association, as has been said, is a collection agency, making a specialty of bad debts. So far as it appears, there is no reflection to be cast upon its business methods in Honolulu. Indeed, Supervisor Moore is a gentleman of the highest integrity, and would not be a party to anything questionable. But the Merchants' Protective Association has got up against the law, nevertheless, after this wise: It seems that it advertises, in public places, newspapers and what not, as the "Merchants' Protective Association, Ltd., a corporation."

Now, under the law of this Territory, Chapter 160 of the Revised Laws, foreign corporations doing business in the Territory have certain obligations, none of which the Merchants' Protective Association has performed.

For instance, the law says that a foreign corporation doing business in the Territory must file with the Treasurer a copy of its charter or act of incorporation, the names of its officers, the name of some person upon whom legal process can be served, and a certified copy of its by-laws. It shall pay a fee of fifty dollars to the Territorial Treasurer, and take out a license to do business, unless it is an insurance company, which sort of concern is differently treated. It shall file with the Treasurer annually a statement of its business, and the Treasurer is given power to examine its books. And if this statute is not followed in all respects, the corporation is liable to punishment, being denied the benefit of the laws of the Territory.

Now, none of these laws have been complied with by the Merchants' Protective Association, which nevertheless advertises itself as a limited liability corporation. And because the laws have not been complied with, Treasurer Campbell wrote a letter to Supervisor Moore, at the offices of the company in the Progress Block, calling his attention to the dereliction. Yesterday Attorney Watson, in behalf of Mr. Moore, waited on the Treasurer and informed him, among other things, that Moore did not know whether the Association was incorporated, nor where it was incorporated if it was. The Treasurer, however, is not going to stop at that. If the Merchants' Protective Association is incorporated, it must comply with the laws governing foreign corporations or the penalty clause will be invoked. And that would spoil its business, because a collection agency not backed by the law would not be the most effective thing in the world. And, if it is not a corporation, then that fact must be made to appear. In the meantime, as before stated, the Treasurer has been informed that Supervisor Moore is going to sever his connection with the concern.

"It is most emphatically true that I have severed my connection with the Merchants' Protective Association, and gone into business on my own account," said Supervisor Moore yesterday. "I have been trying for months to get at the exact facts of the status of the Association, and have been unable to do so. Now, I am through with it, and have so notified the mercantile community of Honolulu."

SUPERVISORS WILL FIGHT

The Board of Supervisors met in special session yesterday afternoon to consider the question of the blanket warrants. The following members were present, Chairman Smith, Supervisors Lucas, Adams, Moore and Archer.

After the minutes were read and approved Adams of the Committee on Public Expenditures presented two supply demands for \$200 for county office rent for July and August. Approved and ordered paid.

Lucas of the Committee on Roads, Parks and Bridges reported that at the request of business houses he had ordered the road leading to the Hackfield wharf to be fixed in places where it was very bad. Lucas also thought that the board should allow him \$1000 extra for road work, for he thought that if they did not, he would run over his appropriation several hundred dollars.

Under the head of communications the following letter was read and referred to the Committee on Sanitation and Health:

Mr. D. Kakaokalani, Jr., Clerk, County of Oahu, Honolulu.

Sir: I beg to inform the Board of Supervisors that the Garbage and Excavator Payroll for the present month is made up and classified as follows:

Clerk	\$5.00
Collector	85.00
Office boy	40.00
Pump luna	55.00
Foreman	60.00
Watchman	50.00
Stableman	50.00
Two earth closet men at \$50	100.00
Total	\$505.00

(All of these full time).

One Stableman	45.00
Two toilet dump men at \$45	90.00
One Kalia dump man	45.00
Three excavator tenders—average at \$45	135.00
13 regular garbage men at \$45	585.00
Total	\$1405.00

Extra dump, garbage and excavator men as required.

The men enumerated at \$45 per month do not work the full number of days in the month. Heretofore it has been the practice to pay the laborers on the basis of calendar days in the month, adding the included Sundays to the total number of days worked and making this sum the number of days to which men were entitled.

Under the Territorial regime the men worked for the most part practically the full month. At present the payroll is made up so largely of fractional months that a more exact system would be to pay the laborers on the basis of the working days in the month.

In the present month there are 27 working days, and each laborer would be entitled by this system to as many twenty-sevenths of the month as he has worked days. By the former system, the laborer would be entitled to the number of days worked plus the additional Sundays allowed and his pay would be at the rate of 1-31 of 245 per day.

I request instructions from the supervisors as to which system I shall adopt in paying off the men for the month of August. I have my own ideas as to the best method, but as the two methods have been subjects of considerable acrimonious controversy in the community recently, I do not care to adopt either without the authority of the Honorable Board.

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ISLAND PINEAPPLES SELL ON SOUND AT \$4.50 DOZEN

The following letter from a Seattle dealer will interest the promotion of the pineapple industry in these islands:

OFFICE OF
H. J. SHELLMOUNT
PURCHASING AGENT FOR FOREIGN MERCHANTS
EXPORTER OF
LUMBER, GRAIN, FEED, FLOUR AND SALMON
AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE
New York Building.

Seattle, Wash., August 4, 1905.

Gentlemen: For the information of your readers I beg to advise you, that a large shipment of pineapples arrived yesterday from Honolulu, via San Francisco, in perfect condition and are selling at \$4.00 to \$4.50 per dozen. Shipments to Tacoma and Portland, Ore., will also bring fancy prices and growers will find it to their interest to ship direct to those places.

Yours truly,
H. J. SHELLMOUNT.

WANTS HOME WITH LEPROS.

A government official recently received the following brief letter:

"Sir: Can I get any information regarding position on leper island suitable for a discharged soldier?"

It is expected that a foeclosure suit against W. C. Achi on the Kapilani tract will be entered today. Some buyers of lots, who paid for them without getting releases of mortgage, are liable to be pinched. One suit on this score is already pending.

After hasty consultation Mrs. Dr. T. F. Hunter was removed from the steamship Sonoma last night and taken to the Queen's Hospital to be operated on for appendicitis. Her husband, Dr. Hunter of Sydney, and a small daughter, will stop over until Mrs. Hunter is able to continue her journey.